# West Kent Local Investment Plan

# **DRAFT Working Paper 3 – Vision and Themes**

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#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The aim of the Local Investment Plan is to set out the priorities of the local authorities and partners taking into account each organisation's ambitions and objectives.
- 1.2 The purpose of this Section is to set out the Visions for West Kent. It is important, that while the Local Investment Plan considers investment priorities for West Kent as a whole, not to forget that the West Kent sub-region is made up of sovereign authorities, each with their own visions.
- 1.3 As outlined in Working Paper 2, when the sub-regional designation of West Kent has been used previously, it has referred only to collaboration between Tonbridge and Malling Borough Council, Sevenoaks District Council and Tunbridge Wells Borough Council. However, for the purposes of the West Kent Local Investment Plan, the authorities involved are as follows;
  - Maidstone Borough Council;
  - Tonbridge and Malling Borough Council;
  - Sevenoaks District Council;
  - Tunbridge Wells Borough Council; and,
  - Kent County Council.
- 1.4 Previous working relationships using the title of 'West Kent' only incorporated Sevenoaks District Council, Tonbridge and Malling Borough Council and Tunbridge Wells Borough Council. Maidstone Borough Council was not part of this arrangement. However, under the Local Investment Plan designations, Maidstone Borough Council is now considered as part of the West Kent Sub-Region. Kent County Council are also named as the fifth authority as they are the strategic authority in this two tier area and in discharging its functions as the Highways and Transport Authority, Local Education Authority, and a significant provider and commissioner of services in communities across West Kent.
- 1.5 These sections are based on the visions set out in the Community Strategy and the Strategic / Corporate Plans for each authority.

#### 2. West Kent Vision

- 2.1 The four West Kent Local Investment Plan authorities have come together and through analysis of common themes outlined in their Strategic / Corporate Plans and Sustainable Community Strategies, have created the following vision for West Kent.
- 2.2 The vision for West Kent is that it would be a place with;

'We want West Kent to be a place where safe, healthy, distinctive urban and rural communities live which are supported by a thriving and prosperous local economy in a high quality built and natural environment. Residents in urban and rural areas will be well housed, within a range of suitable housing options, with access to high

quality education and employment and a sustainable transport network. Above all West Kent will be a place where people can experience a high quality of life whilst living within our natural limits.'

## 3. West Kent Objectives

- 3.1 The priority objectives that were outlined in each of the Local Authorities presentations, which were given at the West Kent Local Investment Plan inception meeting, have been refined to give the following list of shared objectives for the West Kent sub-region.
  - To increase the amount of high quality sustainable housing available including affordable housing in both urban and rural areas, through new development and by making better use of the existing housing stock;
  - To both improve the quality of the existing stock, with a focus on energy efficiency and adapt the existing stock to better meet the needs of current residents;
  - To better meet specialised accommodation needs, including the housing requirement of a growing ageing population;
  - To improve the West Kent economy and provide increased employment and training opportunities to improve the skills of the residents; and,
  - The delivery of regeneration and infrastructure in line with sustainable growth including the provision of improved transport links leading to enhanced accessibility.
- 3.2 Assuming these shared objectives are agreed among the Member and Chief Executives of each of the four authorities, the next stage is to identify the projects and programmes within the sub-region that will deliver in relation to these objectives.
- 3.3 These common objectives are described in Figure 1 along with the supporting evidence and the key outcomes each objectives is seeking to achieve.
- 3.4 Annex 1 provides a template for each local authority to identify existing, proposed and / or aspirational projects and programmes within their authority area that will deliver against the shared priorities.

## Figure 1:

No.	SHARED OBJECTIVE	DESCRIPTION	EVIDENCE	OUTPUTS AND
				OUTCOMES TO ACHIEVE
1	To increase the amount	This objective deals with overall supply of housing whilst	South East Plan (2009)	Achieve local authority
	of high quality	also dealing with the supply of quality affordable housing		housing targets (NI 154,
	sustainable housing	to meet the needs of those who are unable to access	From all the authorities	155, 159) and to balance
	available including	market housing. In considering both market and	involved;	the housing market by
	affordable housing in	affordable housing, it highlights that overall delivery of all	- LDF's and related SHMA's,	addressing need and
	both urban and rural	forms of housing is required to meet the full spectrum of	SHLAA's, and DPDs;	demand (to be reviewed
	areas, through new	demands and needs in all segments of the West Kent	- Strategic / Corporate Plans;	following coalition
	development and by	housing market. It also considers that the housing	and,	Government's withdrawal
	making better use of the	provided should be sustainable in design thereby helping	- Housing and Sustainable	of targets)
	existing housing stock	to tackle climate change and to help reduce levels of fuel	Community Strategies.	
		poverty.		Achieve unit bed number
				and tenure mixes in
		In terms of affordable housing delivery, this includes		accordance with each
		affordable homes on private housing sites and direct		individual authority
		building by RSLs and local authorities. This objective also		adopted strategies.
		seeks to increase affordable housing provision in rural		
		areas, as well as urban areas ensuring a wide range of		Number of empty homes
		affordable tenure options are available, to meet		brought back into use
		individual's personal housing needs and aspirations as		
		well as those of the local community.		Number of family sized
				properties released
		This objective also considers how provision of housing		
		can take the form of both new development, and by		The provision of local
		making better use of the existing housing stock through		needs housing schemes on
		reconfiguration, redevelopment, better matching		rural exception sites in the
		placements and bringing back into use long term empty		Parishes of West Kent.

		homes through renovation and improvement.		
		This objective also considers how family-sized housing can be freed up by offering more suitable and appealing alternatives for those under-occupying housing, as well as addressing the lack of supply of affordable family homes.		Number of 3+ bed affordable homes built
		The objective also recognises the close relationship between the housing market and the general economy, both in terms of the impact of the recent recession on the housing market, and in terms of the contribution of the housing sector to growth in the wider economy.		
2	To both improve the quality of the existing stock, with a focus on energy efficiency and adapt the existing stock to better meet the needs of current residents	This objective concentrates on improving the quality of existing homes, especially with reference to energy efficiency (as existing properties will still make up the bulk of the stock in 20 years). Focus should concentrate on retrofit projects, to social stock and private rented properties (as local authorities have more influence and control here) but should also look to extend to owner occupied properties as well. It also focuses on adapting properties to meet the needs of current residents through disabled facilities grants and other assistive technologies, home repair grants, loans, landlord grants and first time buyer grants.	Sevenoaks District House Condition Survey 2005 Maidstone Borough Council Private Sector House Condition Survey 2009 Tunbridge Wells House Condition Survey 2010 Tonbridge and Malling Private Sector House Condition Survey 2006	Number of homes in the social and private sector that meet the decent homes standard, particularly those occupied by vulnerable households Improve SAP ratings of social and private sector housing through the provision of grants / loans and discount initiatives Reducing the number of households affected by

				Process times for Disabled Facilities Grants (DFG's) / Number of DFG's allocated? Number of renovation grants completed Number of homes adapted to meet needs of older and disabled residents who wish to remain in their own homes
3	To better meet specialised accommodation needs, including the housing requirement of a growing ageing population	This objective addresses the need to provide specialist accommodation to those who require it. Vulnerable households may include people with disabilities, mental health problems, and young homeless households for example. This objective also relates to the needs of the Gypsy and Traveller communities within West Kent and the specialist needs that they have. It also relates to a need for transit pitch provision in the sub-region to cater for the ongoing needs of transient groups within the area. The objective also specifically focuses on the requirements of an ageing population and older people as West Kent is forecast to experience a significant increase in people over the age of 65 over the next 15	West Kent Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008 (DCA UK) Maidstone Borough Council - Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2010 (Fordham Research) Ashford, Maidstone, Tonbridge & Malling and Tunbridge Wells – Gyspy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment 2005 – 2006 (DCA UK)	Percentage of homes built that meet the 'Lifetime Homes' standard % of fully wheelchair accessible housing built Achieve NI 139 targets across West Kent ('The extent to which older people received the support they need to live independently at home (%)')

		years.	Sevenoaks – Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment 2006 (DCA UK)	Process times for DFG's / Number of DFG's allocated? Number of additional student residences provided Provision of new supported housing schemes across West Kent Provision of a range of housing types Targets for Gypsy and Traveller provision are under review following Coalition Government's withdrawal of Partial Review.
4	To improve the West Kent economy and provide increased employment and training opportunities to improve the skills of the residents	This objective seeks to ensure the provision of a steady and sustainable supply of sites for commercial development whether on their own or as part of mixed use schemes involving housing. It recognises that the up- skilling of the workforce through increased training opportunities and the provision of increased employment needs to happen along side increased housing provision to ensure that sustainable communities are created that	Maidstone Economic Development Strategy – Creating a 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Town (Shared Intelligence) West Kent Investment Strategy and Action Plan 2010 – 2015 (West Kent Partnership)	Number of additional jobs created including increased local job opportunities across urban and rural areas Amount of employment floorspace created

		will contribute to improving the distinct West Kent		
		economy.	West Kent Economic Profile	Number of skills / training
			2009 (Centre for Strategy &	opportunities created
			Evaluation Service)	
				Growth rate of the West
			MBC – Employment Land	Kent Economy
			Review 2009 (GVA Grimley)	
				Increase in wage levels
			Sevenoaks Employment Land	
			Review 2007 (URS) and	
			Employment Land Review	
			Update Addendum (Feb 2010)	
			opuate Addendum (reb 2010)	
			Sevenoaks District Economic	
			Development Action Plan 2009	
			Tunbridge Wells Employment	
			Land Study 2006 (Step Ahead	
			Research Ltd)	
			Tonbridge and Malling Borough	
			Council Employment Land	
			Review 2005	
			The Regional Economic	
			Strategy 2006 – 2016 (SEEDA)	
5	The delivery of	This objective highlights the importance of the delivery of	21 <sup>st</sup> Century Kent 2010 (KCC)	Number of homes and
	regeneration and	wider services and infrastructure to support regeneration		jobs that are unlocked by
	infrastructure in line with	and to encourage growth including the provision of more	Unlocking Kent's Potential 2009	the provision of
	sustainable growth	employment and housing. It also recognises that	(KCC)	infrastructure

including the provision of	transport and accessibility issues are key to ensuring that		
improved transport links	sites are attractive to the market to invest and	Local Transport Plan 2006 –	Amount of green space
leading to enhanced	communities are sustainable and can access the services	2011 (KCC)	delivered
-		2011 (RCC)	denvered
accessibility	and amenities they require.		
		Growth without Gridlock 2009	Improve the physical
		(KCC)	social and economic
			infrastructure of existing
		KCC Major Transport Schemes	housing estates to deliver
			more sustainable
		Highways Agency	communities
		Kent Route Utilisation Strategy	Number of brownfield
		2010 (Network Rail)	sites brought back into use
			in both urban and rural
		From all the authorities	
			areas
		involved;	
		- LDF's and related SHMA's,	Incorporate high quality
		SHLAA's, and DPDs;	design and layout in the
			development of larger
			sites etc

# Annex 1 Project Assessment Sheet

Project	project name		
1 10,000	project name		
Local Authority	LA Name (or combination if joint LA project)		
Brief Description	To include		
	Background to project		
	Planning status		
	Land ownership issues		
	Progress to date		
Delivery Programme	Estimated date for:		
Denvery Programme	achievement of detailed planning		
	start on site Other environments		
	Other crucial milestone (i.e. acquire site/complete		
	decontamination/completion of infrastructure etc)		
Links to Local Investment	(to be filled in later – i.e. infrastructure delivery/affordable housing		
Plan Objective/Vision	etc)		
Strategic Support	reference to Strategic Evidence base (i.e. SCS/LDF/Housing		
	Strategy/Economic Strategy)		
Housing/Affordable	Total Number of Homes		
Housing	Affordable Homes		
	Tenure Split		
Economic Development	Number of Jobs		
	Employment Space		
	Other		
Social Infrastructure	Туре		
Transport	Road/transport interchange etc		
Additionality	Any wider benefits i.e. regeneration/unlocking further		
recently	growth/transport		
	grownwithinoport		
Lead Responsibility	Which Agency/LA/Private Sector taking lead		
	Which Ageney/LAT I wate bector taking lead		
Other Stakeholders	i.e. landowners/other agencies		
Other Stakenolders	i.e. landowners/ourier agencies		
Dependencies			

# Project Investment Requirement

Cost Type	Funding Source	Committed Funding	Ϋ́,			verall Public Sector		
			2011- 12	2012- 13	2013- 14	2014- 15	Future	
i.e. Land Acquisition			£x					
Infrastructure								
NAHP grant								
Social								
Infrastructure								

## <u>**Risk Sheet</u>** (first 3 risks are mandatory – further risks can be added)</u>

Risk	Risk Event	Proximity	Severity	Mitigation	Severity
Category					
Deliverability	Site has/doesn't have detailed planning				
Deliverability	Site is likely/unlikely to start on site before March 2014				
Deliverabilty	Land ownership is/isn't established and landowners willing to bring site forward.				

## **Risk Classification**

3 –	Fundamental Risk
2 –	Medium Risk
1 –	Minor Risk